

Northern Michigan University



About This Report

About Your Engagement Indicators Report

Engagement Indicators (EIs) provide a useful summary of the detailed information contained in your students' NSSE responses. By combining responses to related NSSE questions, each EI offers valuable information about a distinct aspect of student engagement. Ten indicators, based on three to eight survey questions each (a total of 47 survey questions), are organized into four broad themes as shown at right.

Theme	Engagement Indicator
Academic Challenge	Higher-Order Learning Reflective & Integrative Learning
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	Learning Strategies
	Quantitative Reasoning
Learning with Peers	Collaborative Learning Discussions with Diverse Others
Experiences with Faculty	Student-Faculty Interaction Effective Teaching Practices
Campus Environment	Quality of Interactions Supportive Environment

Report Sections

Overview (p. 3)

Displays how average EI scores for your students compare with those of students at your comparison group institutions.

Theme Reports (pp. 4-13)

Detailed views of EI scores within the four themes for your students and those at comparison group institutions. Three views offer varied insights into your EI scores:

Mean Comparisons

Straightforward comparisons of average scores between your students and those at comparison group institutions, with tests of significance and effect sizes (see below).

Score Distributions

Box-and-whisker charts show the variation in scores within your institution and comparison groups.

Performance on Indicator Items

Responses to each item in a given EI are summarized for your institution and comparison groups.

Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions (p. 15) Comparisons of your students' average scores on each EI with those of students at institutions whose average scores were in the top 50% and top 10% of 2016 and 2017 participating institutions.

Detailed Statistics (pp. 16-19)

Detailed information about EI score means, distributions, and tests of statistical significance.

Interpreting Comparisons

Mean comparisons report both statistical significance and effect size. Effect size indicates the practical importance of an observed difference. For EI comparisons, NSSE research has concluded that an effect size of about .1 may be considered small, .3 medium, and .5 large (Rocconi & Gonyea, 2015). Comparisons with an effect size of at least .3 in magnitude (before rounding) are highlighted in the Overview (p. 3).

Els vary more among students within an institution than between institutions, like many experiences and outcomes in higher education. As a result, focusing attention on average scores alone amounts to examining the tip of the iceberg. It's equally important to understand how student engagement varies within your institution. Score distributions indicate how El scores vary among your students and those in your comparison groups. The Report Builder—Institution Version and your *Major Field Report* (both to be released in the fall) offer valuable perspectives on internal variation and help you investigate your students' engagement in depth.

How Engagement Indicators are Computed

Each EI is scored on a 60-point scale. To produce an indicator score, the response set for each item is converted to a 60-point scale (e.g., Never = 0; Sometimes = 20; Often = 40; Very often = 60), and the rescaled items are averaged. Thus a score of zero means a student responded at the bottom of the scale for every item in the EI, while a score of 60 indicates responses at the top of the scale on every item.

For more information on EIs and their psychometric properties, refer to the NSSE website: nsse.indiana.edu

Rocconi, L., & Gonyea, R. M. (2015, May). Contextualizing student engagement effect sizes: An empirical analysis. Paper presented at the Association for Institutional Research Annual Forum. Denver. CO.



Overview Northern Michigan University

Engagement Indicators: Overview

Engagement Indicators are summary measures based on sets of NSSE questions examining key dimensions of student engagement. The ten indicators are organized within four broad themes: Academic Challenge, Learning with Peers, Experiences with Faculty, and Campus Environment. The tables below compare average scores for your students with those in your comparison groups.

Use the following key:

- **Your students' average** was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.
- \triangle Your students' average was significantly higher (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- -- No significant difference.
- ∇ Your students' average was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size less than .3 in magnitude.
- **Your students' average** was significantly lower (p < .05) with an effect size at least .3 in magnitude.

irst-Year Stud	lents	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with	Your first-year students compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	State Peers	State and Regional	Crngie Size/Setting
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning	∇	compared with compared with compared with State Peers State and Regional Crngie Size/Setti	∇
Challenge	Learning Strategies			
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇		
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction			
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	Δ	Δ	
Campus	Quality of Interactions			Δ
Environment	Supportive Environment	∇		∇

Seniors

		Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with	Your seniors compared with
Theme	Engagement Indicator	State Peers	State and Regional	Crngie Size/Setting
	Higher-Order Learning			
Academic	Reflective & Integrative Learning			
Challenge	Learning Strategies	∇		∇
	Quantitative Reasoning			
Learning with	Collaborative Learning			
Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	∇	∇	∇
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	Δ	Δ	
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices			
Campus	Quality of Interactions		∇	∇
Environment	Supportive Environment			∇



Academic Challenge

Northern Michigan University

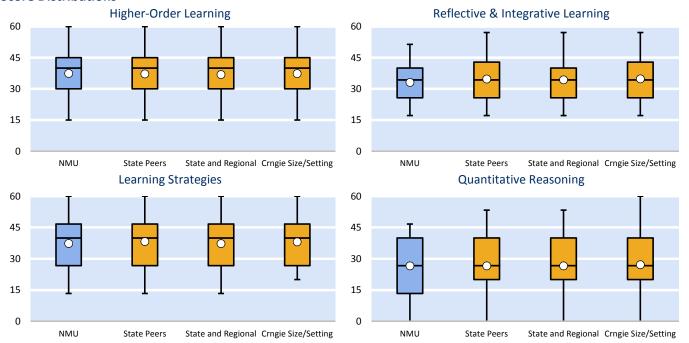
Academic Challenge: First-year students

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared w	ith	
	NMU	State	Peers Effect	State ar	nd Regional Effect	Crngie Si	ze/Setting Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	37.5	37.2	.02	36.9	.05	37.4	.01
Reflective & Integrative Learning	33.1	34.8 *	14	34.3	11	34.8 *	14
Learning Strategies	37.3	38.3	07	37.2	.01	38.1	06
Quantitative Reasoning	26.6	26.5	.00	26.6	.00	27.1	03

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.



Academic Challenge

Northern Michigan University

Academic Challenge: First-year students (continued)

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference between you	ır FY students and
Higher-Order Learning	NMU	State Peers	State and Regional	Crngie Size/Setting
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	74	+4	+4	+6
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	68	+1	+2	+0
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	70	+3	+4	+2
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	67	+2	+2	-0
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	50	-3	-3	-2
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	50	-0	+0	-1
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	42	-7	-6	-8
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	59	-1	-1	-3
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	67	-2	-1	-2
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	64	-1	-1	-2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	79	+2	+2	+3
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	79	+4	+4	+3
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	63	-4	-1	-3
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	63	+2	+4	+0
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	54	+3	+4	+3
Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	41	+5	+5	+3
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	37	+2	+2	-1

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Academic Challenge Northern Michigan University

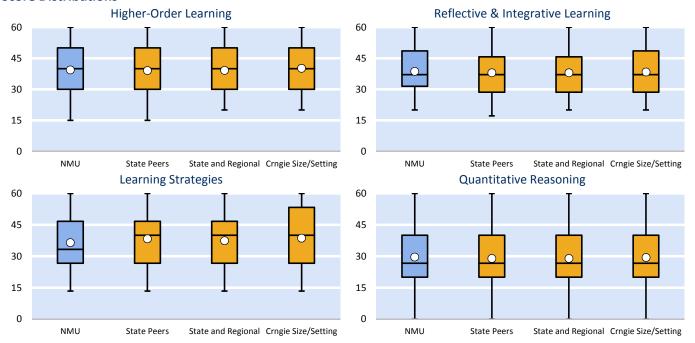
Academic Challenge: Seniors

Challenging intellectual and creative work is central to student learning and collegiate quality. Colleges and universities promote student learning by challenging and supporting them to engage in various forms of deep learning. Four Engagement Indicators are part of this theme: *Higher-Order Learning, Reflective & Integrative Learning, Learning Strategies*, and *Quantitative Reasoning*. Below and on the next page are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors co	mpared with		
	NMU	State	Peers Effect	State an	d Regional Effect	Crngie Siz	ze/Setting Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Higher-Order Learning	39.4	39.1	.02	39.2	.02	40.2	06
Reflective & Integrative Learning	38.7	38.0	.05	38.0	.05	38.4	.03
Learning Strategies	36.5	38.3 *	13	37.4	06	38.6 **	15
Quantitative Reasoning	29.6	28.9	.04	28.9	.04	29.4	.01

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



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Academic Challenge

Northern Michigan University

Academic Challenge: Seniors (continued)

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage poir	nt difference between y	our seniors and
Higher-Order Learning	NMU	State Peers	State and Regional	Crngie Size/Setting
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much coursework emphasized	%			,
4b. Applying facts, theories, or methods to practical problems or new situations	79	+2	+1	+1
4c. Analyzing an idea, experience, or line of reasoning in depth by examining its parts	74	+2	+1	-1
4d. Evaluating a point of view, decision, or information source	67	-1	-1	-4
4e. Forming a new idea or understanding from various pieces of information	71	+3	+3	-1
Reflective & Integrative Learning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
2a. Combined ideas from different courses when completing assignments	74	+3	+2	+4
2b. Connected your learning to societal problems or issues	65	+4	+3	+2
2c. Included diverse perspectives (political, religious, racial/ethnic, gender, etc.) in course discussions or assignments	47	-5	-5	-7
2d. Examined the strengths and weaknesses of your own views on a topic or issue	69	+4	+4	+3
2e. Tried to better understand someone else's views by imagining how an issue looks from his or her perspective	72	+2	+2	+0
2f. Learned something that changed the way you understand an issue or concept	73	+4	+4	+2
2g. Connected ideas from your courses to your prior experiences and knowledge	86	+3	+3	+3
Learning Strategies				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
9a. Identified key information from reading assignments	78	+0	+1	-1
9b. Reviewed your notes after class	53	-8	-5	-9
9c. Summarized what you learned in class or from course materials	59	-3	-1	-4
Quantitative Reasoning				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"				
6a. Reached conclusions based on your own analysis of numerical information (numbers, graphs, statistics, etc.)	53	+0	+1	-1
6b. Used numerical information to examine a real-world problem or issue (unemployment, climate change, public health, etc.)	43	+1	+1	€ -0
6c. Evaluated what others have concluded from numerical information	43	+1	+1	-0

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Learning with Peers Northern Michigan University

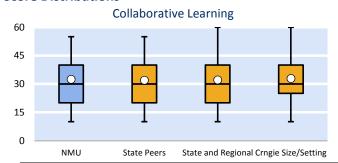
Learning with Peers: First-year students

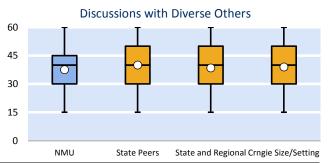
Collaborating with others in mastering difficult material and developing interpersonal and social competence prepare students to deal with complex, unscripted problems they will encounter during and after college. Two Engagement Indicators make up this theme: *Collaborative Learning* and *Discussions with Diverse Others*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared w	vith	
	NMU	State	Peers Effect	State ar	nd Regional Effect	Crngie S	Size/Setting Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Collaborative Learning	32.4	31.9	.04	32.1	.02	32.9	04
Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	40.0 *	17	38.4	06	38.9	10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions





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		Percentage poi	nt difference between yo	een your FY students and		
			State and	Crngie		
Collaborative Learning	NMU	State Peers	Regional	Size/Setting		
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%					
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	52	+0	-1	-2		
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	63	+4	+5	+4		
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	51	+6	+5	+0		
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	53	-1	-2	-3		
Discussions with Diverse Others						
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with						
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	59	-10	-3	-9		
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	67	-5	-1	-3		
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	69	-1	+2	+4		
8d. People with political views other than your own	75	+5	+6	+9		

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Learning with Peers Northern Michigan University

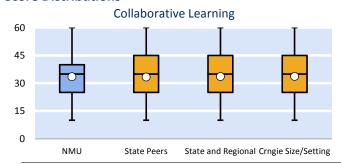
Learning with Peers: Seniors

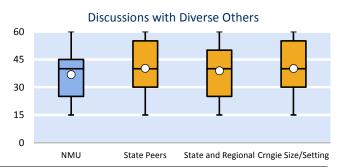
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Mean Comparisons				Your seniors com	pared with								
			State Peers Effect				· ·		3		9		Crngie Siz
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size						
Collaborative Learning	33.5	33.4	.01	33.6	.00	33.7	01						
Discussions with Diverse Others	36.8	40.2 ***	22	38.8 **	13	40.1 ***	21						

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage poi	nt difference between y	our seniors and
			State and	Crngie
Collaborative Learning	NMU	State Peers	Regional	Size/Setting
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
1e. Asked another student to help you understand course material	47	+4	+2	+1
1f. Explained course material to one or more students	66	+4	+4	+3
1g. Prepared for exams by discussing or working through course material with other students	45	-1	-1	-4
1h. Worked with other students on course projects or assignments	65	-4	-4	-1
Discussions with Diverse Others				
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often" had discussions with				
8a. People from a race or ethnicity other than your own	51	-17	-11	-19
8b. People from an economic background other than your own	68	-3	-1	-4
8c. People with religious beliefs other than your own	64	-5	-2	-3
8d. People with political views other than your own	68	-2	-1	+0

Notes: Refer to your Frequencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significance tests. Item numbering corresponds to the survey facsimile included in your Institutional Report and available on the NSSE website.

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Experiences with Faculty Northern Michigan University

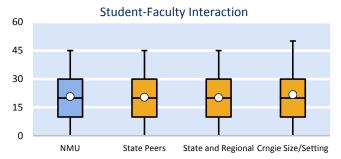
Experiences with Faculty: First-year students

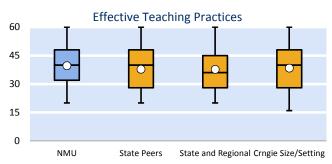
Students learn firsthand how experts think about and solve problems by interacting with faculty members inside and outside of instructional settings. As a result, faculty become role models, mentors, and guides for lifelong learning. In addition, effective teaching requires that faculty deliver course material and provide feedback in student-centered ways. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Student-Faculty Interaction* and *Effective Teaching Practices*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year student	s compared w	ith	
	NMU	State Peers		State and Regional		Crngie S	ize/Setting
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Student-Faculty Interaction	20.7	20.4	.02	20.1	.05	21.8	07
Effective Teaching Practices	39.6	37.8 *	.15	37.6 **	.16	38.3	.10

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .01 (2-tailed).

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		Percentage po	int difference between yo	ur FY students and
			State and	Crngie
Student-Faculty Interaction	NMU	State Peers	Regional	Size/Setting
Percentage of students who responded that they "Very often" or "Often"	%			
3a. Talked about career plans with a faculty member	41	+4	+5	+4
3b. Worked w/faculty on activities other than coursework (committees, student groups, etc.)	20	+1	+1	-3
3c. Discussed course topics, ideas, or concepts with a faculty member outside of class	23	-1	+0	-4
3d. Discussed your academic performance with a faculty member	32	+5	+7	+0
Effective Teaching Practices				
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much instructors have				
5a. Clearly explained course goals and requirements	80	+3	+2	+4
5b. Taught course sessions in an organized way	78	+3	+2	+4
5c. Used examples or illustrations to explain difficult points	77	+4	+3	+4
5d. Provided feedback on a draft or work in progress	70	+8	+8	+5
5e. Provided prompt and detailed feedback on tests or completed assignments	64	+8	+9	+4

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Experiences with Faculty Northern Michigan University

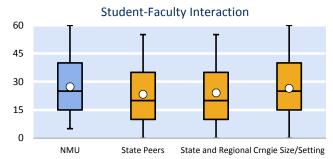
Experiences with Faculty: Seniors

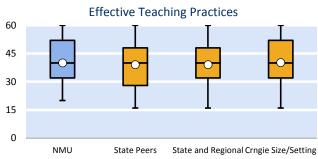
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Mean Comparisons			Your seniors compared with	
Engagement Indicator	NMU	State Peers	State and Regional	Crngie Size/Setting
		Effect	Effect	Effect
	Mean	Mean size	Mean size	Mean size
Student-Faculty Interaction	27.3	23.3 *** .25	24.0 *** .21	26.5 .05
Effective Teaching Practices	40.0	39.0 .07	39.0 .07	40.201

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	Percentage point difference between your seniors and							
NMU	State Peers	State and Regional	Crn Size/S	ngie Setting				
%								
52	+10	+9	+3					
34	+8	+6	+2)				
40	+8	+7	+2	1				
39	+7	+7	ţ	-0				
				1				
83	+4	+4	+2	1				
80	+4	+3	+2	j				
78	+1	-0	ŧ	-0				
61	+1	+1		-3				
68	+5	+5	+1)				
	% 52 34 40 39 83 80 78 61	NMU State Peers % 52 +10 34 +8 40 +8 39 +7 83 +4 80 +4 78 +1 61 +1	NMU State Peers State and Regional % 52 +10 +9 34 +8 +6 40 +8 +7 39 +7 +7 83 +4 +4 80 +4 +3 78 +1 -0 61 +1 +1	NMU State Peers State and Regional Crm Size/s % 52 +10 +9 +3 34 +8 +6 +2 40 +8 +7 +2 39 +7 +7 +2 83 +4 +4 +2 80 +4 +3 +2 78 +1 -0 +1 61 +1 +1 +1				

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Campus Environment

Northern Michigan University

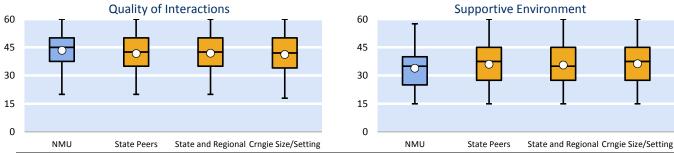
Campus Environment: First-year students

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons			Your	first-year stude	nts compared w	rith	
	NMU	State	Peers	State ar	nd Regional	Crngie Siz	e/Setting
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	43.5	41.7	.15	41.9	.14	41.2 **	.18
Supportive Environment	33.9	36.1 *	17	35.6	14	36.3 *	18

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

		Percentage point	difference between yo	ur FY students and
			State and	Crngie
Quality of Interactions	NMU	State Peers	Regional	Size/Setting
Percentage rating their interactions a 6 or 7 (on a scale from 1="Poor" to 7="Excellent") with	%			
13a. Students	48	-1	-2	-1
13b. Academic advisors	61	+11	+12	+13
13c. Faculty	52	+5	+6	+5
13d. Student services staff (career services, student activities, housing, etc.)	47	+3	+3	+4
13e. Other administrative staff and offices (registrar, financial aid, etc.)	52	+10	+10	+10
Supportive Environment		· ·		
Percentage responding "Very much" or "Quite a bit" about how much the institution emphasized				_
14b. Providing support to help students succeed academically	73	-4	-4	-3
14c. Using learning support services (tutoring services, writing center, etc.)	71	-7	-6	-4
14d. Encouraging contact among students from diff. backgrounds (soc., racial/eth., relig., etc.)	51	-9	-8	-10
14e. Providing opportunities to be involved socially	67	-4	-4	-4
14f. Providing support for your overall well-being (recreation, health care, counseling, etc.)	65	-4	-5	-5
14g. Helping you manage your non-academic responsibilities (work, family, etc.)	43	+4	+4	-0
14h. Attending campus activities and events (performing arts, athletic events, etc.)	64	-1	-0	-2
14i. Attending events that address important social, economic, or political issues	45	-5	-5	-8
Notes: Pofer to your Fraguencies and Statistical Comparisons report for full distributions and significan	an tacte. Itam nur	mharing approximands to	o the current feecimile i	naludad in your

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.



Campus Environment Northern Michigan University

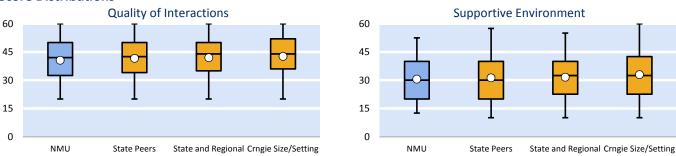
Campus Environment: Seniors

Students benefit and are more satisfied in supportive settings that cultivate positive relationships among students, faculty, and staff. Two Engagement Indicators investigate this theme: *Quality of Interactions* and *Supportive Environment*. Below are three views of your results alongside those of your comparison groups.

Mean Comparisons				Your seniors cor	npared with		
	NMU	Stat	e Peers	State and	d Regional	Crngie Size	
			Effect		Effect		Effect
Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	size	Mean	size	Mean	size
Quality of Interactions	40.6	41.6	09	42.0 *	12	42.6 ***	17
Supportive Environment	30.6	31.3	05	31.6	07	33.0 ***	17

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by pooled standard deviation; Symbols on the Overview page are based on effect size and p before rounding; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

Score Distributions



Notes: Each box-and-whiskers chart plots the 5th (bottom of lower bar), 25th (bottom of box), 50th (middle line), 75th (top of box), and 95th (top of upper bar) percentile scores. The dot represents the mean score. Refer to Detailed Statistics for your institution's sample sizes.

Performance^a on Indicator Items

The table below displays how your students responded to each EI item, and the difference, in percentage points, between your students and those of your comparison group. Blue bars indicate how much higher your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group. Dark red bars indicate how much lower your institution's percentage is from that of the comparison group.

niors and
Crngie
Size/Setting
-5
-8
-4
-3
-8
-4
-2
-12
-2
-8
-8
+1
-7

a. Percentage point difference = Institution percentage - Comparison group percentage. Because results are rounded to whole numbers, differences of less than 1 point may or may not display a bar. Small, but nonzero differences may be represented as +0 or -0.

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Comparisons with High-Performing Institutions Northern Michigan University

Comparisons with Top 50% and Top 10% Institutions

While NSSE's policy is not to rank institutions (see nsse.indiana.edu/html/position_policies.cfm), the results below are designed to compare the engagement of your students with those attending two groups of institutions identified by NSSE^a for their high average levels of student engagement:

- (a) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 50% of all 2016 and 2017 NSSE institutions, and
- (b) institutions with average scores placing them in the top 10% of all 2016 and 2017 NSSE institutions.

While the average scores for most institutions are below the mean for the top 50% or top 10%, your institution may show areas of distinction where your average student was as engaged as (or even more engaged than) the typical student at high-performing institutions. A check mark (\checkmark) signifies those comparisons where your average score was at least comparable to that of the high-performing group. However, the presence of a check mark does not necessarily mean that your institution was a member of that group.

It should be noted that most of the variability in student engagement is within, not between, institutions. Even "high-performing" institutions have students with engagement levels below the average for all institutions.

irst-Year S	Students		Your first-year students compared with								
		NMU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%					
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size 🗸	Mean	Effect size	✓				
	Higher-Order Learning	37.5	39.2 *	13	41.2 ***	28					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	33.1	36.6 ***	29	38.3 ***	42					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	37.3	39.8 *	18	41.9 ***	33					
	Quantitative Reasoning	26.6	28.8 *	15	30.4 ***	25					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	32.4	35.2 **	21	37.1 ***	35					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	37.5	41.7 ***	29	43.8 ***	44					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	20.7	23.8 **	21	27.2 ***	42					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	39.6	40.7	08 ✓	42.6 ***	22					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	43.5	43.8	03 ✓	46.1 **	22					
Environment	Supportive Environment	33.9	38.2 ***	33	40.0 ***	47					
eniors				Your seniors	compared with	mpared with					
		NMU	NSSE T	op 50%	NSSE T	op 10%					
Theme	Engagement Indicator	Mean	Mean	Effect size ✓	Mean	Effect size	✓				
	Higher-Order Learning	39.4	41.8 ***	18	43.3 ***	29					
Academic	Reflective and Integrative Learning	38.7	40.0 *	11	42.0 ***	27					
Challenge	Learning Strategies	36.5	40.7 ***	29	42.9 ***	45					
	Quantitative Reasoning	29.6	31.1 *	10	33.0 ***	21					
Learning	Collaborative Learning	33.5	35.8 ***	16	37.9 ***	32					
with Peers	Discussions with Diverse Others	36.8	42.3 ***	35	44.3 ***	49					
Experiences	Student-Faculty Interaction	27.3	29.2 **	12	33.0 ***	36					
with Faculty	Effective Teaching Practices	40.0	41.8 **	13	43.8 ***	29					
Campus	Quality of Interactions	40.6	44.8 ***	36	46.9 ***	52					
Environment	Supportive Environment	30.6	34.8 ***	30	37.2 ***	48					

Notes: Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institution size for comparison groups); Effect size: Mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation; *p < .05, **p < .01, ***p < .001 (2-tailed).

a. Precision-weighted means (produced by Hierarchical Linear Modeling) were used to determine the top 50% and top 10% institutions for each Engagement Indicator from all NSSE 2016 and 2017 institutions, separately by class. Using this method, Engagement Indicator scores of institutions with relatively large standard errors were adjusted toward the mean of all students, while those with smaller standard errors received smaller corrections. As a result, schools with less stable data—even those with high average scores—may not be among the top scorers. NSSE does not publish the names of the top 50% and top 10% institutions because of our commitment not to release institutional results and our policy against ranking institutions.

b. Check marks are assigned to comparisons that are either significant and positive, or non-significant with an effect size > -.10.



Detailed Statistics^a Northern Michigan University

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Comparison results			
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	Deg. of freedom ^e	Mean diff.	Sig. ^f	Effect size ⁹
Academic Challenge	Wican		02	501	2501	30011	7501	<i>35th</i>	j.ccao	۵.,,,	o.g.	5,20
Higher-Order Learning												
NMU (N = 227)	37.5	12.5	.83	15	30	40	45	60				
State Peers	37.2	13.0	.19	15	30	40	45	60	4,778	.2	.781	.019
State and Regional	36.9	12.8	.15	15	30	40	45	60	7,744	.6	.496	.04
Crngie Size/Setting	37.4	13.2	.07	15	30	40	45	60	32,619	.1	.915	.00
Top 50%	39.2	13.1	.04	20	30	40	50	60	139,260	-1.7	.048	13
Top 10%	41.2	13.3	.08	20	35	40	50	60	25,921	-3.7	.000	280
Reflective & Integrative Learni	ing											
NMU $(N = 240)$	33.1	10.8	.70	17	26	34	40	51				
State Peers	34.8	12.0	.17	17	26	34	43	57	4,984	-1.7	.033	14
State and Regional	34.3	11.6	.13	17	26	34	40	57	8,052	-1.3	.100	10
Crngie Size/Setting	34.8	11.9	.06	17	26	34	43	57	34,074	-1.7	.026	145
Top 50%	36.6	12.0	.03	17	29	37	46	57	129,582	-3.5	.000	292
Top 10%	38.3	12.3	.07	20	29	37	46	60	244	-5.2	.000	422
Learning Strategies												
NMU $(N = 194)$	37.3	13.9	1.00	13	27	40	47	60				
State Peers	38.3	13.7	.22	13	27	40	47	60	4,239	9	.363	06
State and Regional	37.2	13.5	.16	13	27	40	47	60	6,926	.1	.897	.009
Crngie Size/Setting	38.1	13.7	.08	20	27	40	47	60	28,816	8	.437	056
Top 50%	39.8	13.7	.04	20	27	40	53	60	107,630	-2.5	.012	18
Top 10%	41.9	14.1	.09	20	33	40	53	60	27,422	-4.6	.000	32
Quantitative Reasoning												
NMU $(N = 222)$	26.6	14.6	.98	0	13	27	40	47				
State Peers	26.5	14.9	.22	0	20	27	40	53	4,801	.1	.952	.004
State and Regional	26.6	14.7	.17	0	20	27	40	53	7,742	.0	.978	.002
Crngie Size/Setting	27.1	15.2	.08	0	20	27	40	60	32,430	5	.610	034
Top 50%	28.8	15.2	.04	0	20	27	40	60	150,184	-2.2	.030	146
Top 10%	30.4	15.2	.08	7	20	27	40	60	36,719	-3.8	.000	250
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
NMU $(N = 249)$	32.4	14.0	.88	10	20	30	40	55				
State Peers	31.9	13.5	.19	10	20	30	40	55	5,197	.5	.575	.036
State and Regional	32.1	13.4	.15	10	20	30	40	60	8,395	.3	.755	.020
Crngie Size/Setting	32.9	13.7	.07	10	25	30	40	60	35,447	5	.580	035
Top 50%	35.2	13.6	.03	15	25	35	45	60	150,727	-2.8	.001	207
Top 10%	37.1	13.4	.07	15	25	40	45	60	37,103	-4.7	.000	35
Discussions with Diverse Other			- ·									
NMU (N = 193)	37.5	13.6	.98	15	30	40	45	60				
State Peers	40.0	14.7	.23	15	30	40	50	60	4,303	-2.5	.020	171
State and Regional	38.4	14.5	.18	15	30	40	50	60	7,021	9	.379	064
Crngie Size/Setting	38.9	15.5	.09	15	30	40	50	60	196	-1.5	.135	09:
Top 50%	41.7	14.9	.04	20	30	40	55	60	193	-4.3	.000	286
Top 10%	43.8	14.5	.08	20	35	45	60	60	195	-6.3	.000	436



Detailed Statistics^a Northern Michigan University

Detailed Statistics: First-year students

	Mea	ın statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	nres		Comparison results			
	IVICO	iii statist	103		Terce	TILLIE 3CC	J1 C3		Deg. of	Mean	resuits	Effect
	Mean	SD b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
NMU $(N = 232)$	20.7	13.7	.90	0	10	20	30	45				
State Peers	20.4	14.1	.21	0	10	20	30	45	4,851	.3	.728	.023
State and Regional	20.1	13.7	.16	0	10	20	30	45	7,854	.6	.499	.045
Crngie Size/Setting	21.8	14.5	.08	0	10	20	30	50	33,171	-1.0	.279	071
Top 50%	23.8	14.7	.05	0	15	20	35	55	87,189	-3.1	.001	210
Top 10%	27.2	15.6	.13	5	15	25	40	60	241	-6.5	.000	420
Effective Teaching Practices												
NMU $(N = 227)$	39.6	11.4	.76	20	32	40	48	60				
State Peers	37.8	12.5	.18	20	28	40	48	60	254	1.9	.015	.152
State and Regional	37.6	12.2	.14	20	28	36	45	60	242	2.0	.009	.165
Crngie Size/Setting	38.3	13.2	.07	16	28	40	48	60	231	1.3	.088	.099
Top 50%	40.7	13.0	.04	20	32	40	52	60	228	-1.0	.167	081
Top 10%	42.6	13.6	.09	20	36	44	56	60	233	-2.9	.000	217
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
NMU $(N = 181)$	43.5	10.9	.81	20	38	45	50	60				
State Peers	41.7	11.7	.19	20	35	43	50	60	3,976	1.7	.051	.148
State and Regional	41.9	11.3	.14	20	35	43	50	60	6,567	1.6	.063	.140
Crngie Size/Setting	41.2	12.4	.07	18	34	42	50	60	183	2.2	.007	.181
Top 50%	43.8	11.5	.04	22	38	46	52	60	90,073	4	.680	031
Top 10%	46.1	11.7	.09	24	40	48	56	60	15,566	-2.6	.003	221
Supportive Environment												
NMU $(N = 177)$	33.9	12.5	.94	15	25	35	40	58				
State Peers	36.1	13.1	.21	15	28	38	45	60	3,893	-2.2	.029	168
State and Regional	35.6	12.8	.16	15	28	35	45	60	6,454	-1.8	.070	138
Crngie Size/Setting	36.3	13.4	.08	15	28	38	45	60	26,670	-2.4	.017	179
Top 50%	38.2	13.1	.04	18	30	40	48	60	110,407	-4.4	.000	333
Top 10%	40.0	13.0	.08	18	31	40	50	60	26,370	-6.1	.000	472

a. Results weighted by institution-reported sex and enrollment status (and institutional size for comparison groups).

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.



Detailed Statistics^a Northern Michigan University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	ın statist	rics	Percentile ^d scores					Comparison results			
		h							Deg. of	Mean	f	Effect
Academic Challenge	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. f	size ^g
Academic Challenge Higher-Order Learning												
	20.4	12.7	<i>(</i> 2	1.5	20	40	50	<i>c</i> 0				
NMU (N = 474) State Peers	39.4	13.7	.63	15	30	40	50	60	9.469	2	.633	022
	39.1	13.9	.16	15	30	40 40	50	60	8,468	.3 .2	.633	.023
State and Regional	39.2	13.6	.13 .07	20	30		50	60	12,146	8		
Crngie Size/Setting	40.2	13.6		20	30	40	50	60	38,898		.210	058
Top 50% Top 10%	41.8 43.3	13.5 13.4	.04 .07	20 20	35 35	40 40	55 55	60 60	133,958 39,935	-2.4 -3.9	.000	181 287
Reflective & Integrative Learnin	g											
NMU $(N = 485)$	38.7	12.2	.55	20	31	37	49	60				
State Peers	38.0	12.6	.14	17	29	37	46	60	8,745	.7	.241	.055
State and Regional	38.0	12.4	.11	20	29	37	46	60	12,519	.6	.264	.052
Crngie Size/Setting	38.4	12.4	.06	20	29	37	49	60	40,117	.3	.582	.025
Top 50%	40.0	12.3	.03	20	31	40	49	60	137,555	-1.3	.017	109
Top 10%	42.0	12.2	.07	20	34	43	51	60	29,108	-3.3	.000	272
Learning Strategies												
NMU $(N = 427)$	36.5	13.6	.66	13	27	33	47	60				
State Peers	38.3	14.6	.17	13	27	40	47	60	7,703	-1.8	.012	125
State and Regional	37.4	14.5	.14	13	27	40	47	60	11,050	9	.196	064
Crngie Size/Setting	38.6	14.5	.08	13	27	40	53	60	35,373	-2.1	.003	147
Top 50%	40.7	14.4	.04	20	33	40	53	60	161,708	-4.2	.000	294
Top 10%	42.9	14.3	.07	20	33	40	60	60	47,381	-6.4	.000	447
Quantitative Reasoning												
NMU $(N = 469)$	29.6	15.8	.73	0	20	27	40	60				
State Peers	28.9	16.4	.18	0	20	27	40	60	8,490	.7	.375	.042
State and Regional	28.9	16.1	.15	0	20	27	40	60	12,140	.7	.382	.041
Crngie Size/Setting	29.4	16.3	.08	0	20	27	40	60	38,740	.2	.773	.013
Top 50%	31.1	16.2	.04	0	20	33	40	60	203,377	-1.5	.038	096
Top 10%	33.0	15.9	.08	7	20	33	40	60	45,375	-3.4	.000	213
Learning with Peers												
Collaborative Learning												
NMU $(N = 495)$	33.5	14.3	.64	10	25	35	40	60				
State Peers	33.4	14.2	.15	10	25	35	45	60	8,972	.2	.810	.011
State and Regional	33.6	14.0	.13	10	25	35	45	60	12,818	.0	.953	003
Crngie Size/Setting	33.7	14.5	.07	10	25	35	45	60	40,951	2	.804	011
Top 50%	35.8	13.8	.03	15	25	35	45	60	189,292	-2.3	.000	165
Top 10%	37.9	13.4	.07	15	30	40	50	60	38,868	-4.4	.000	324
Discussions with Diverse Others		1			2.5	40						
NMU $(N = 430)$	36.8	14.2	.69	15	25	40	45	60		a :	000	
State Peers	40.2	15.9	.19	15	30	40	55	60	494	-3.4	.000	215
State and Regional	38.8	15.5	.15	15	25	40	50	60	471	-2.0	.004	132
Crngie Size/Setting	40.1	15.6	.08	15	30	40	55	60	442	-3.3	.000	210
Top 50%	42.3	15.6	.03	15	30	40	60	60	431	-5.5	.000	354
Top 10%	44.3	15.3	.07	20	35	45	60	60	439	-7.5	.000	489



Detailed Statistics^a Northern Michigan University

Detailed Statistics: Seniors

	Mea	n statist	ics		Perce	ntile ^d sco	ores		Co	mparison	results	
									Deg. of	Mean		Effect
	Mean	SD ^b	SEM ^c	5th	25th	50th	75th	95th	freedom ^e	diff.	Sig. ^f	size ^g
Experiences with Faculty												
Student-Faculty Interaction												
NMU $(N = 480)$	27.3	15.7	.72	5	15	25	40	60				
State Peers	23.3	16.0	.18	0	10	20	35	55	8,598	4.0	.000	.251
State and Regional	24.0	15.8	.15	0	10	20	35	55	12,313	3.3	.000	.208
Crngie Size/Setting	26.5	16.2	.08	0	15	25	40	60	39,335	.9	.248	.053
Top 50%	29.2	15.7	.06	5	20	30	40	60	81,858	-1.9	.007	123
Top 10%	33.0	16.0	.14	10	20	30	45	60	13,082	-5.7	.000	356
Effective Teaching Practices												
NMU $(N = 477)$	40.0	13.2	.61	20	32	40	52	60				
State Peers	39.0	13.8	.15	16	28	40	48	60	8,589	.9	.149	.068
State and Regional	39.0	13.4	.12	16	32	40	48	60	12,289	.9	.136	.070
Crngie Size/Setting	40.2	13.7	.07	16	32	40	52	60	39,276	2	.755	014
Top 50%	41.8	13.5	.04	20	32	40	52	60	117,023	-1.8	.003	135
Top 10%	43.8	13.4	.09	20	36	44	56	60	23,652	-3.9	.000	288
Campus Environment												
Quality of Interactions												
NMU $(N = 415)$	40.6	11.8	.58	20	33	42	50	60				
State Peers	41.6	12.0	.15	20	34	43	50	60	7,255	-1.0	.091	085
State and Regional	42.0	11.6	.12	20	35	44	50	60	10,465	-1.4	.019	118
Crngie Size/Setting	42.6	11.8	.06	20	36	44	52	60	33,886	-2.1	.000	175
Top 50%	44.8	11.6	.03	23	38	46	54	60	111,323	-4.2	.000	363
Top 10%	46.9	12.1	.07	23	40	50	58	60	30,996	-6.3	.000	522
Supportive Environment												
NMU $(N = 397)$	30.6	12.2	.61	13	20	30	40	53				
State Peers	31.3	14.0	.17	10	20	30	40	58	460	6	.309	046
State and Regional	31.6	13.7	.14	10	23	33	40	55	437	-1.0	.126	070
Crngie Size/Setting	33.0	14.0	.08	10	23	33	43	60	409	-2.4	.000	170
Top 50%	34.8	13.7	.04	13	25	35	45	60	400	-4.1	.000	302
Top 10%	37.2	13.6	.09	13	28	38	48	60	413	-6.5	.000	482

 $a. \ Results \ weighted \ by \ institution-reported \ sex \ and \ enrollment \ status \ (and \ institutional \ size \ for \ comparison \ groups).$

b. Standard deviation is a measure of the amount the individual scores deviate from the mean of all the scores in the distribution.

c. Standard error of the mean, used to compute a confidence interval (CI) around the sample mean. For example, the 95% CI (equal to the sample mean \pm 1.96 x SEM) is the range that is 95% likely to contain the true population mean.

d. A percentile is the point in the distribution of student-level EI scores at or below which a given percentage of EI scores fall.

e. Degrees of freedom used to compute the t-tests. Values vary from the total Ns due to weighting and whether equal variances were assumed.

f. Statistical significance represents the probability that the difference between the mean of your institution and that of the comparison group occurred by chance.

g. Effect size is the mean difference divided by the pooled standard deviation.